

**PENGARUH PENERAPAN MANAJEMEN RISIKO TERHADAP  
KINERJA KEUANGAN PERUSAHAAN (STUDI PADA BANK UMUM  
SYARIAH DI INDONESIA PERIODE 2016-2018)**

**RINGKASAN**

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui pengaruh penerapan manajemen risiko yang diperlukan dengan *Non Performing Financing* (NPF) untuk risiko kredit dan *Financing to Deposit Ratio* (FDR) untuk risiko likuiditas terhadap kinerja keuangan perusahaan yang diukur menggunakan rasio *Return On Asset* (ROA). Pengukuran yang dilakukan untuk mendapat besarnya kontibusi *Non Performing Financing* (NPF) dan *Financing to Deposit Ratio* (FDR) terhadap *Return On Asset* (ROA). Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian eksplanatori dengan tipe investigasi deskriptif verifikatif dan unit analisis penelitian adalah laporan keuangan. Teknik sampling yang digunakan *purposive sampling*. Analisis yang digunakan adalah regresi berganda dengan pengujian kecocokan model, besarnya pengaruh secara parsial dari variabel independen terhadap dependen. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan uji parsial NPF berpengaruh negatif signifikan terhadap ROA, uji parsial FDR tidak berpengaruh signifikan terhadap ROA. Sedangkan uji simultan NPF dan FDR berpengaruh signifikan terhadap ROA.

**Kata Kunci : *Financing to Deposit Ratio* (FDR), *Non Performing Financing* (NPF), *Return On Asset* (ROA)**

**THE INFLUENCE OF APPLICATION OF RISK MANAGEMENT TO  
COMPANY FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE (STUDY ON SHARIA BANKS IN  
INDONESIA, PERIOD 2016-2018)**

**SUMMARY**

*This study aims to determine the effect of the application of risk management which is proxied by Non-Performing Financing (NPF) for credit risk and Financing to Deposit Ratio (FDR) for liquidity risk to the company's financial performance as measured using the Return on Assets (ROA) ratio. Measurements made to obtain the amount of Non Performing Financing (NPF) and Financing to Deposit Ratio (FDR) contributions to Return On Assets (ROA). This research is an explanatory research with a descriptive verification investigation type and the unit of research analysis is the financial statements. The sampling technique used was purposive sampling. The analysis used is multiple regression by testing the suitability of the model, the amount of influence partially from the independent variable on the dependent. The results showed the partial NPF test had a significant negative effect on ROA, the FDR partial test did not significantly influence ROA. While the simultaneous NPF and FDR tests have a significant effect on ROA.*

**Keywords:** *Financing to Deposit Ratio (FDR), Non Performing Financing (NPF), Return On Assets (ROA)*